

# **Marriage and Debts in Minnesota**

This fact sheet has information about being married and debts. If you have shared debts with someone but are not married, see our fact sheet <u>Unmarried Couples</u>, <u>Debt and Property</u>.

# My spouse owed money from before we got married. Do I have to pay those debts?

**No.** You are not responsible for debts your spouse took on without you before you got married. This is true even if the debt has to do with something you use-like if your spouse owns the house you now live in. All of the debts your spouse brought into the marriage are his or hers alone.

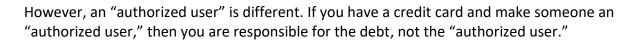
The same is true for you. The debts you had before the marriage are your responsibility and your spouse can't be forced to pay them.

# Who is responsible for joint debts?

you are responsible.

If you and your spouse take out a loan together, you are both responsible for paying it back. It doesn't matter who uses the money or gets to keep the item bought with the loan. If both names are on the debt, both of

If you and your spouse take out a credit card together, then you are both responsible for **all** of the purchases made with it. You are responsible for a joint card even if you disagree with or don't know about a purchase made with the card.



If you get divorced, you are both still responsible for the loan even if the things are kept by only one of you.

As long as your name is on a debt you are responsible. If you have a shared debt with someone and they stop paying, you need to keep paying the whole thing to protect your credit. You can try to get this money back from an ex-spouse if your final divorce papers from the court say that your spouse has some responsibility for the debt. Keep proof that you made the full payments.

If there is nothing about the debt in the divorce decree you can try getting some of the money back in conciliation court, but it could be hard to do. See our fact sheet, *Conciliation Court*.

# What debts that are only in one spouse's name are we both responsible for?

There are some debts that happen after you are married that you are both responsible for - even if they are in your spouse's name only and even if you didn't know about them.

# • Family and Household Things

You are responsible for debts for necessary household things that are used by the family. For example, if your spouse buys a stove that your family uses, you are both responsible for paying that debt.

## Medical Bills

You are responsible for each other's medical bills and expenses. If your spouse owes money for medical care that happened while you were married, you are also responsible for paying this debt.



You are responsible for other debts in your spouse's name only if you sign a contract agreeing to pay them. This is sometimes called co-signing. If you don't want to be responsible, don't put your name on a debt.

There are times when you don't have to pay for debts that don't have your name on them. For example, if your spouse gets a loan for a motorcycle in their name only, you are not usually responsible unless you want to be given ownership of the motorcycle.

## Am I still responsible for medical and living expenses if we are separated?

If you are separated or no longer live together, you may not be responsible for your spouse's medical or household expenses that come up after you separate.

You are still responsible for debts that came up while you were living together. For example, if your spouse needs medical care twice, once while you were living together and once after you separated, you may be responsible for the first bill, but not for the second.

## How can I show that we are separated?

If you have one, you can show a separation order from the court. Otherwise, you can use leases or utility bills to show that you and your spouse have different homes.

#### What happens to our joint debts if we get a divorce?

When you get divorced, the court will issue a court order called a "divorce decree."

#### Divorce and Debt:

During the divorce, the judge can decide that it is fair for you to pay all or part of a debt that is only in your spouse's name. The judge may also decide that a debt that is in both of your names will be paid by only one of you.

**But remember:** the divorce decree only affects the two of you, not the creditor. If your name is on a debt, the creditor can sue you even if the divorce decree says your ex has to pay the debt.

If you end up paying a debt the judge said your spouse was responsible for, go back to the court and ask them to enforce the decree. Show the court a copy of your divorce decree and proof that you paid the debt. Receipts or cancelled checks are good proof.

#### **Divorce and Real Estate:**

The judge also decides what happens to "real property" you or your spouse bought during your marriage. Real property is land and buildings, like a house. You both have a right to at least part of any real property purchased during the marriage, even if it is only in one name. If you want to keep the property the judge might make you responsible for the mortgage, taxes and repairs for the home.

Before you sign divorce papers, make sure you understand what money is owed on any real property that is in your spouse's name only. You and your spouse can agree about who will keep all of the rights to the property in the divorce. If you don't agree, the judge will make the final decision.



If you don't want to be responsible for the money owed on the property, you might not want to claim your share of the property. Tell the judge. You and your spouse can agree that he or she will keep all of the rights to the property in the divorce. If you don't agree, the judge will make the final decision.

#### What if a creditor says I have to pay my spouse's debts?

If a creditor contacts you saying you have to pay a bill that is in your spouse's name, and it is not a household debt or a medical debt that happened during the marriage, tell the creditor that Minnesota law says you do not have to pay these kinds of debts.

**Watch Out:** if you make payment on a bill that is not yours at the time, you might be held responsible for the whole debt later on.

Different states have different laws. A bill collector in another state may not know Minnesota law. Ask the creditor or bill collector to send proof that you are responsible for the debt. Proof has to be that the bill was for a medical or necessary household item or your signature on a document agreeing to pay the debt.

If a lawsuit is brought against you, make sure to "Answer" the court papers. See our fact sheet <u>What</u> to Do If You Are Sued.

Ignoring papers could lead to a court order saying you have to pay the debt. Tell the court about the Minnesota law and explain that your spouse's debts are not related to medical or household expenses or that you were not living with your spouse when the debts happened.

You can create an "Answer" online at www.lawhelpmn.org

- → Click on the blue box to the right "Click here for free do-it-yourself legal forms"
- → Click on "Debts, Fees, Deposits"
- → Click on "Answer a "Summons and Complaint" Debt Lawsuits"

#### What if the debts are from before I moved to Minnesota?



If you lived in another state, Minnesota law does not decide who is responsible for debts that happened somewhere else. Look at the laws of the state you moved from to find out if you are responsible for any of your spouse's debts that happened when you lived somewhere else. You can be forced to pay a debt here in Minnesota if a court in another state rules that you both owe on the out-of-state bill.

Keep complete financial records. Keep track of what you own and what you owe. Keeping good records can help you keep your debt under control and it can also help you show creditors what debts you are not personally responsible for.

Find more fact sheets at <a href="www.lawhelpmn.org/LASMfactsheets">www.lawhelpmn.org/LASMfactsheets</a>
Find your local legal aid office at <a href="www.lawhelpmn.org/resource/legal-aid-offices">www.lawhelpmn.org/resource/legal-aid-offices</a>

Don't use this fact sheet if it is more than 1 year old. Ask us for updates, a fact sheet list, or alternate formats.