

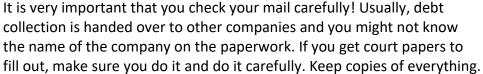
Can I Go to Jail If I Don't Pay My Debts?

Can I go to jail if I owe someone money?

You can't go to jail just for owing money in Minnesota. But if there is a money judgment against you and you don't follow a court order or an order to appear in court, you can be arrested for contempt of court.

Many people don't know there is a money judgment against them. If you move a lot, you may not have gotten the papers. Or you may have ignored them because you didn't know what they were.

If you owe money and are behind in your payments, it might be a good idea to keep in contact with your creditors. "Creditors" are the people or companies you owe money to. You might be able to work out a payment plan and avoid the money judgment.





How does a creditor get a warrant for my arrest?

- Step 1: The creditor or collection agency gets a money judgment against you from court. There are steps they have to follow before they can get a judgment. Read our fact sheet <u>Your Debt Collection Rights.</u>
- Step 2: The creditor later sends you papers called a Financial Disclosure Form. You must fill out the papers and return them to the creditor within 10 days of getting them.
- Step 3: If you do not complete the papers and return them to the creditor, the creditor can get a court order called an "Order to Show Cause". This court order says you have to fill out the form OR appear in court in person to explain why you have not filled out the form. The order gives a date and time that you have to go to court.
- Step 4: If you don't show up for the court hearing OR complete the Financial Disclosure Form and send it to the creditor, the court can issue an order saying you are in contempt of court for violating the order.
- Step 5: An arrest warrant is issued based on the contempt of court order. Police can arrest you and put you in jail. Avoid getting arrested! Go to your hearing! Fill out any forms you get! If you have to fill out the form in jail you might not have all the info you need to get it right.

Can I find out if there is a warrant out for me?

It can be hard to know if there is an arrest warrant for you for contempt of court in a civil debt case. There are 2 ways you can try to find out.

You can call your county Sheriff office. Ask for the warrants division. They should be able to tell you on the phone if there is a warrant out for you.

You can also check the Minnesota Court's website. Go to: www.mncourts.gov

- 1. Click on Access Case Records (on top menu).
- 2. Click on Minnesota District (Trial) Court Case Search.
- 3. Scroll down a little and click the box titled *MPA Remote*. Read the <u>terms and conditions</u> on the next page. If you accept the terms, click on *I Accept the Above Terms & Conditions* under the box.
- 4. You can leave "location" set at *All MNCIS sites*. Click on *Civil, Family & Probate Case Records*. You should also check under *Judgments Search*. For the first one, choose "party" in the "search by" drop-down box at the top so you can enter your name.
- 5. If there are cases listed, click into each case to see if there is an order for a warrant.

NOTE: If your name is not in these records, there might still be a very recent judgment against you that has not yet been entered with the court.

If there is a warrant because you have not done a Financial Disclosure Form, call the court that issued the warrant. It is usually your local county court. Tell the clerk that you need to do a financial disclosure form. They might be able to send you one.

There is a Financial Disclosure Form attached. You can also find it online at www.mncourts.gov. Click on Get Forms, click on Judgment Enforcement, click on Disclosure, click on Financial Disclosure.

Fill out the form and make a copy. Send one copy to the judgement creditor (who you owe the money to) and keep the other for yourself. In a day or two, call the court to make sure the warrant is cancelled.

What happens if I get arrested?

It is different from county to county. Ask at the jail for a Financial Disclosure Form to fill out if you haven't done that yet.

Fill it out and ask if you can be let out of jail. It is up to the judge to decide if this is enough to get you released.

Don't use this fact sheet if it is more than 1 year old. Ask us for updates, a fact sheet list, or alternate formats.

Financial Disclosure Form

The purpose of this Financial Disclosure Form is to tell the JUDGMENT CREDITOR what money and property you have which may be used to pay the judgment the creditor obtained against you in the lawsuit. It also allows you to tell the creditor that some or all of your property and money is "exempt," which means that it cannot be taken to pay the judgment. You must answer all questions on this form. If you need more space, continue your answer on the back of the form or attach additional sheets if necessary. If you have questions about this form, you may contact your local court administrator, call the court self-help center at 651-259-3888, or contact an attorney.

WARNING: IF YOU CLAIM AN EXEMPTION IN BAD FAITH, OR IF THE JUDGMENT CREDITOR WRONGLY OBJECTS TO AN EXEMPTION IN BAD FAITH, THE COURT MAY ORDER THE PERSON WHO ACTED IN BAD FAITH TO PAY COSTS, ACTUAL DAMAGES, ATTORNEY FEES, AND AN EXTRA \$100.

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1. J	UDGMENT DEBT	OR Name	2. ☐ Individ ☐ Corpor		☐ Partnership☐ Other			
3. \$	Street Address		4. City		5. State		6. Zip	
7. Date of Birth 8. If Married, Spouse's Full Name			9. Home Telephone Number					
	0. Employer or Business			11. Work Telephone Number				
	Street Address		13. City		14. State		15. Zip	
	6. What are your total wages, salary, or commissions per pay period? \$ Twice :			Month Monthly Other				
18.	. Do you have income from any other source? \square Yes \square No \square If yes, give the source and amount of the income:							
	19. By answering this question, you will be able to claim the exemptions you have for wages and income. The first exemption is already checked for you, check all others that apply: ✓ I claim that 75% of my disposable (after-tax) earnings or 40 times the federal minimum wage (now equals \$290 for 40-hour week) is exempt (whichever is greater), unless the judgment is for child support. □ If the Judgment is for child support, I claim that the following percentage of my after-tax earnings is exempt: □ 50% (I am supporting a spouse and/or dependent child, and the child support judgment is 12 weeks old or less.) □ 55% (I am supporting a spouse and/or dependent child, and the child support judgment is more than 12 weeks old.) □ 60% (I am not supporting a spouse and/or dependent child, and the child support judgment is 12 weeks old or less.) □ 65% (I am not supporting a spouse and/or dependent child, and the child support judgment is more than 12 weeks old.) □ I am presently receiving or have received relief based on need in the past 6 months so all my wages are exempt. Type of relief you receive □ I have been an inmate in a correctional institution within the past 6 months so all my wages are exempt. Name institution and release date □ My income is exempt because it is: □ Unemployment Comp. □ Worker's Comp. □ V.A. Benefits □ Social Security □ Accident or Disability Benefits □ Retirement Benefits □ Other (Specify)							
20.	else, or whether i	t is in your name or	count? (This includes a any other name) ion or Financial Institut	Yes □ No			f or with someone lowing information: Account Number	
	21. If you claimed an exemption for your wages or income, you may claim an exemption when your money is deposited in a bank. Claim your exemptions by checking the boxes that apply to you: The money in my account is from exempt wages, income, or benefits. The money in my account is from the exempt sale of my homestead within the past year. The money in my account is from exempt life insurance received on the death of a spouse or parent. The money in my account is from other exempt property (specify)							
22.		y you alone or with a	ties, certificates of depo any other person, or who these and the location of	ether it is in your			etc.? (This includes any	

	Value of \$390,000 or if used primarily for agricultural purposes, \$975,000. Do you own any other houses, land, or real estate?								
Location	Estimated Va	lue Amount Owed (if any)	To Whom						
	Do you own any motor vehicles, motorcycles, boats, snowmobiles, trailers, etc.? Yes No For each, provide the following:								
Make Model									
physical disability making a disabled pe	One motor vehicle worth up to \$4,600 (or \$46,000 if the vehicle has been modified at a cost of at least \$3,450 to accommodification of the physical disability making a disabled person eligible for a parking permit under Minn. Stat. § 169.345) after subtracting wowe is exempt. Which vehicle do you want to claim as exempt?								
25. Do you own any of the follow property?	?								
Cash or travelers checks	☐ Yes ☐ No	Farm supplies, implements, livestock, grain worth more than \$13,000	☐ Yes ☐ No						
Household goods, furnishings, and perseffects that are worth more than \$10,35 total		Business equipment, tools, machinery worth more than \$11,500 total	h □ Yes □ No						
Jewelry	☐ Yes ☐ No	Inventory	□ Yes □ No						
Coins or stamp collections	☐ Yes ☐ No	Accounts receivable/claims	□ Yes □ No						
Firearms/Guns	☐ Yes ☐ No	Are you the owner or partner in any busines not already listed	ss ☐ Yes ☐ No						
Life insurance policy with a cash (surrender) value more than \$9,200	☐ Yes ☐ No	Any other property (specify)	☐ Yes ☐ No						
Any property that you are selling on a contract for deed	☐ Yes ☐ No								
	you answered yes to any item in question 25, provide the following information: escription and location of property (if not at residence) Estimated Value Amount Owed (if any) To Whom								
If you need additional space to answer the qualitational sheets if necessary.	uestions, continue your	answers here. Indicate the question number	you are answering.						
Attach additional sheets if necessary.									
The above information is true and correct to Date:	the best of my knowled								