

Can My Landlord Enter My Home? A Tenant's Right to Privacy

When can my landlord enter my home?

Minnesota law says that a landlord or caretaker can only enter your apartment for a business reason or an emergency. If it is for a business reason, the landlord has to tell you ahead of time. A landlord can't make you sign anything giving up your right to know ahead of time if they want to enter your apartment. Some cities have tenant privacy laws in their housing codes. You can find out by calling the housing inspection office or the mayor of your city.

What is a business reason?

The law lists some examples of business reasons:

- If your lease is about to end or you have given notice to move, the landlord can show the apartment to a new tenant.
- The landlord can show the apartment to someone who may buy it.
- To do maintenance work or allow inspections.
- To do pre-arranged housekeeping in senior citizens' housing.
- A tenant is causing a disturbance in an apartment.
- The landlord has reason to think the tenant is violating the lease in the apartment.
- The landlord has reason to think someone is living there without permission.
- The tenant has abandoned the apartment. The landlord must have reason to believe the tenant abandoned the apartment before entering.



The landlord has to make a "good faith effort" to give you "reasonable notice." What this means depends on the situation. A 24-hour notice is probably "reasonable" in most situations. The notice **does not** have to be in writing.

If a landlord enters your home without notice while you are out, they have to leave a note in a place where you can see it.



Note: If a landlord has a business reason to enter your apartment and has given you reasonable notice then your landlord has the right to enter even if the timing is not convenient for you, or you are not home. If you asked your landlord to make repairs, that is a good business reason to enter your apartment.

What is an emergency?

In an emergency, your landlord can come in your apartment without telling you first. It is an emergency if:

- There is a maintenance, building security, or crime problem in an apartment that may harm a person or property
- The landlord thinks that you or someone in the home is in danger.
- The landlord thinks there is illegal activity.

What if my landlord breaks the law?

Send a letter to the landlord telling your landlord to stop. Include a copy of this fact sheet. Date your letter and keep a copy. Give your landlord 14 days after your letter to stop the privacy violation. If they do not stop, you can file a Rent Escrow case for a court order telling the landlord to stop and asking for money (damages).

You can ask the court to give you rent money back, plus up to a \$100 penalty for each privacy violation. How much rent you get back, and how much the penalty is, depends on how bad the violations were. You can also ask the court to cancel your lease so that you can move out.

How do I file a case?

Remember: Wait 14 days after you send the letter to the landlord and **then** file the case. Bring a copy of the letter to file with the court.

A Rent Escrow form is attached. To start a Rent Escrow case, fill it out and take it to your county courthouse along with your rent money.

You do not need to check the boxes on the form that are for repair problems if your home is in good repair and/or the only issue you want help with is protecting your privacy.

You don't need to wait until your rent is due to file a rent escrow. But you must pay **all** the rent into court when it is due. If you don't pay all of the rent that is due into court when you start a rent escrow case, your landlord could counterclaim to evict you.

Does it cost to file a Rent Escrow Action?

You do not have to pay a filing fee if you have a low income. Ask the court clerk for an IFP (court fee waiver) form or <u>create one online</u>.



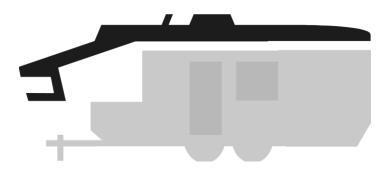
Go to www.lawhelpmn.org/forms.

→ Click on Court Fee Waiver (IFP)

When you file your IFP make sure you have proof of your low income, like pay stubs, or proof of government assistance.

Does the right to privacy apply to mobile home parks?

The law does not apply if you own your mobile home and rent a space. It may apply if you rent both the home and the space from your landlord.



STATE OF MINNESOTA DISTRICT COURT

COU	NTY OF					
				RENT ESCROW		
Plaintiff (Tenant)				AFFIDAVIT		
		-		Minn. Stat. 504B.385		
	vs.					
				FILE NO.		
Defendant (Landlord)			d)			
Plaint	tiff state	es under	oath:			
i idiii	ciii Stati	es arraci	out			
1. My address is						
2. My landlord's name is						
3. M	y landlo	ord's add	dress is			
4. Th	ie mont	hly rent	is \$			
5.		•	ndlord has violated my right to privac	ivacy under Minn. Stat. 504B.211		
		a) 🗆	•	easonable business purpose or emergency		
		b) 🗆		aking a good faith effort to give me reasonable notice.		
		c) 🗆	a written disclosure of the entry in	s not there without giving prior notice and did not place a conspicuous place.		
		d) □	•	the privacy violations. A copy is attached.		
6						
6.		a) \square	idlord has failed to make needed rep I sent the landlord a letter describi	ng the problems. The landlord did not fix them within		
		ч, ш	14 days. A copy of the letter is att			
			and/or			
		b) □	•	to make repairs. The inspector's deadline has passed, the repairs. A copy of the inspector's orders is attached.		
7 ^c	of toda	ny tha a	mount of ront Lowe is ¢	Lam denositing that amount with the court		
7. AS	or touc	ay, the a		I am depositing that amount with the court.		
8. My best estimate is that it would cost \$ for the landlord to make all the repairs.						
9. The landlord has known about these repair problems since on or near the following date or dates:						
			·	<u>-</u>		

10. Because of	these repair problems, my ap-	artment has not been worth the amount of	rent I				
pay. It has l	been worth \$	per month.					
11. I respectful	ly ask the court for an order a	s follows:					
a) 🗆	Right to Privacy: Money dam	nages					
	(i) Return to me \$	Return to me \$ of the rent I have paid.					
	(ii) Award me \$100 for ea	\$100 for each violation, for a total of \$					
	(iii) Authorize me to collec	ct this money by deducting it from the rent.					
b) □	Lease Cancellation Cancel our lease, order the landlord to return my security deposit in full and allow me to move without further notice.						
c) 🗆	Repairs						
(i) Order the landlord to make all of the repairs immediately.(ii) Reduce my rent to \$ per month until after all of the repairs ar							
							done. For any repairs that the landlord does not complete by the court's deadline,
		y for the repairs myself and deduct the cost					
(iii) For the repair problems in the past months, enter a judgment against the landlord for \$							
	(iv) If I have used an att	corney, enter a judgment for reasonable atto	orney fees.				
(v) Let me collect the judgment by taking it out of future month's rent.							
	(vi) Set a follow-up hear the things ordered	ring to make sure that the landlord made th I.	ne repairs and done all				
(vii) Other:							
that, to the bes	st of my knowledge this case is as are supported by the law; a	thing I have stated in this document is true s not being filed for an improper reason, such there is evidence for my claims. the court if this certification is false.					
Date:							
	Signature	5	Daytime phone				
County and Sta	te where signed						